

Appendix 7
Land Use Options

OARB Area Redevelopment EIR

Land Use Options

Two land use options for the Gateway development area, which may be implemented as part of the proposed program or any one of the “action” alternatives were proposed by decision-makers, or by members of the public during scoping. The purpose of this evaluation is to generally understand the implications for traffic, should one of these land use options be implemented.

One suggested land use option is a hotel, to be located in the western portion of the Gateway development area, east of the Gateway Park. This use would replace the currently-proposed office use at that location. Another suggested land use option would be High-End Retail (such as a department store) on the central portion of the Gateway development area. This would replace Flex Office/R&D or Light Industrial uses proposed for that location.

Office or Office/R&D, Light Industrial, Hotel, and High-End Retail land uses differ from one another in the number and timing of vehicle trips each generate¹:

- Office or Office/R&D land uses generate relatively greater vehicle trips during the weekday commute peak hours. Trip generation for this land use type as proposed for the western portion of the Gateway development area would be 8.76 trips per thousand square feet per weekday, and 1.25 trips per thousand square feet in the peak hour.
- Light Industrial also generates relatively greater vehicle trips during the weekday commute peak hours. Trip generation for this land use type as proposed for the central portion of the Gateway development area would be 7.24 trips per thousand square feet per weekday, and 1.06 trips per thousand square feet in the peak hour.
- Hotels generate relatively more weekend and fewer weekday peak-hour trips. Trip generation for this land use type would be 8.58 trips per hotel room per weekday, and 0.74 trips per hotel room in the peak hour for a hotel that would generate the same number of peak hour trips as the proposed office in the western portion of the Gateway development area.
- High-End Retail land uses generate relatively high weekend and non-peak weekday trips. Trip generation for this land use type would be approximately 48 trips per thousand square feet per weekday, and 4.48 trips per thousand square feet in the peak hour for retail space that would generate the same number of peak hour trips as Flex Office/R&D, or Light Industrial uses proposed for the central portion of the Gateway development area.

¹ The trip generation rates for all the land uses described are non-linear – the rates are different for different sizes of development.

Should the Hotel land use option be exercised, the facility could not exceed 1,000 rooms in place of the Office use proposed for the western portion of the Gateway development area under the redevelopment program. At 1,000 rooms, exercising this land use option would not worsen significant impacts to intersections associated with redevelopment as proposed, nor would it result in new significant impacts not associated with the redevelopment program.

Should the High-End Retail land use option be exercised, the facility could not exceed 270,000 square feet in place of the Flex Office/R&D, or Light Industrial uses proposed for the central portion of the Gateway development area under the redevelopment program. At 270,000 square feet, exercising this land use option would not worsen significant impacts to intersections associated with redevelopment as proposed, nor would it result in new significant impacts not associated with the redevelopment program.

Both land use options would be required to implement all mitigation measures recommended in this document for significant transportation impacts relative to traffic, transit, and parking.

**Appendix 4.121
Special-Status Plant Species Potentially Occurring Within the OARB Redevelopment Project Area**

Common Name	Scientific Name	Status			Supporting Habitat	Flowering Period	Potential Occurrence in the Study area
		Federal	State	CNPS			
Pacific cordgrass	<i>Spartina foliosa</i>	SC	None	None	Coastal salt marshes		Not likely to occur; no suitable habitat.
most beautiful jewelflower	<i>Streptanthus albidus</i> <i>ssp. peramoenus</i>	SC	None	1B	Chaparral, grassland; serpentine	Apr-Jun	Not likely to occur; no suitable habitat.
Tiburon jewelflower	<i>Streptanthus niger</i>	E	E	1B	Serpentine soils	May-Jun	Not likely to occur; no suitable habitat.
California sea blite	<i>Suaeda californica</i>	E	None	1B	Coastal salt marshes and swamps	Jul-Oct	Not likely to occur; no suitable habitat.
San Francisco owl's-clover	<i>Triphysaria floribunda</i>	SC	None	1B	Coastal prairie, coastal scrub, grassland; usually serpentine Wet swales, grasslands and grassy hillsides; occasionally found on serpentine soils	Apr-Jun	Not likely to occur; no suitable habitat.
showy Indian clover	<i>Trifolium amoenum</i>	E	None	1B	hillsides; occasionally found on serpentine soils	Apr-Jun	Not likely to occur; no suitable habitat.
saline clover	<i>Trifolium depauperatum</i> var. <i>hydrophilum</i>	None	None	1B	Vernal pools, valley grassland, mixed evergreen forests	Apr-Jun	Not likely to occur; no suitable habitat.

Sources: CDFG 1999; Skinner and Pavlik 1994